

C.7. Abstract for Late Breaker Sessions

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There are no translations available.

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DEATH OF ALL THE HIV-INFECTED PATIENTS TREATED BY ZIDOVUDINE IN REPLACEMENT OF TACRINE

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Objective:

To bring new elements concerning the benefit of Tacrine (Tetrahydroaminoacridine or THA) on HIV-infected patients survival.

Methods:

THA effects were studied in 22 patients (13 AIDS, 9 ARC, 1 asymptomatic) divided a posteriori * in two groups : the first one, A = 12 (5 AIDS, 7 ARC) was treated by THA (200 mg per day) for more than 44.75 ± 14.07 months, the second one, B=10 (7 AIDS, 2 ARC, 1 asymptomatic) in which THA treatment was stopped after 20.2 ± 6.67 months and replaced by zidovudine (AZT, 600-1200 mg per day). Results : 12 months after the stop of THA therapy in the group B, only one death (suicide) was noted in the group A where THA therapy was maintained, whereas in the group B, 7 patients died before 6 months and 3 others before 12 months ($m=6.6 \pm 2.01$ months, p